

# Molecular In My Pocket™ ...

## ONCOLOGY: Pediatric Brain Tumors

Prepared by the Association for Molecular Pathology Training and Education Committee

### Abbreviations:

<b>CGH</b>	Comparative Genomic Hybridization	<b>CMA</b>	Chromosomal Microarray Analysis	<b>ddPCR</b>	Digital Droplet PCR
<b>FISH</b>	Fluorescent in situ Hybridization	<b>IHC</b>	Immunohistochemistry	<b>MLPA</b>	Multiplex Ligation-dependent Probe Amplification
<b>MSI</b>	Microsatellite Instability	<b>NGS</b>	Next Generation Sequencing	<b>PCR</b>	Polymerase Chain Reaction
<b>RT-PCR</b>	Reverse Transcription PCR				

Tumor Type	Gene/Biomarker	Alteration	Significance	Primary Assays
<b>Pilocytic astrocytoma</b>	<i>BRAF</i>	KIAA1549-BRAF fusion or p.V600E	diagnosis, prognosis	ddPCR, NGS (DNA or RNA), array CGH for duplication involving BRAF
<b>Low grade glioma</b>	<i>FGFR</i>	mutation, fusion	diagnosis	NGS (DNA), CMA
	<i>NF1</i>	loss or inactivating mutation, loss of heterozygosity (LOH)	diagnosis, familial cancer risk if germline	NGS (DNA), CMA
	<i>RAF1</i>	fusion	diagnosis	NGS (RNA)
<b>Glioma, H3 K27M-mutant</b>	<i>H3F3A, HIST1H3B, HIST1H3C</i>	K27M (aka K28M)	diagnosis	NGS (DNA), IHC, ddPCR
<b>Glioma, H3 G34-mutant</b>	<i>H3F3A</i>	G34R (aka G35R)	diagnosis, prognosis	NGS (DNA), IHC, ddPCR
<b>Glioma, NTRK alterations</b>	<i>NTRK3, NTRK1, NTRK2</i>	fusion, mutation, amplification, mRNA overexpression	diagnosis, therapeutic (NTRK inhibitors)	NGS (RNA), NGS (DNA)
<b>High grade glioma, IDH wildtype</b>	<i>TERT</i>	mutation	prognosis	NGS (DNA)
	<i>EGFR</i>	amplification	prognosis	NGS (DNA), CMA, FISH
	<i>CDKN2A/B</i>	homozygous deletion	prognosis	CMA, NGS (DNA)
	<i>TP53</i>	Loss-of-function (LOF) and gain-of-function mutations, loss, LOH	prognosis	NGS (DNA), CMA
	<i>PTEN</i>	mutation	prognosis	NGS (DNA)
	<i>NF1</i>	loss or inactivating mutation, loss of heterozygosity (LOH)	prognosis	NGS (DNA), CMA
	<i>PIK3CA</i>	mutation	prognosis	NGS (DNA)
	<i>PDGFRA</i>	amplification	prognosis	CMA, NGS (DNA)
	<i>RB1</i>	loss or inactivating mutation, loss of heterozygosity (LOH)	prognosis	NGS (DNA), CMA
	<i>PIK3R1</i>	mutation	prognosis	NGS (DNA)
	<i>MDM2</i>	mutation	prognosis	NGS (DNA)
	<i>MDM4</i>	amplification	prognosis	NGS (DNA), CMA, FISH
	<i>MET</i>	amplification, fusion, mutation	prognosis	NGS (DNA), CMA, FISH
	<i>Gain of chromosome 7</i>	chromosomal abnormality (gain of 7)	prognosis	CMA
	<i>10q loss</i>	chromosomal abnormality (loss of 10)	prognosis	CMA
<i>High tumor mutational burden</i>	mutations	diagnosis, therapeutic (immunotherapy), familial cancer risk if germline alterations in mismatch repair pathway	NGS (DNA)	
<b>Oligodendroglioma</b>	<i>IDH1/2</i>	mutation	diagnosis	NGS (DNA)
	<i>1p/19q codeletion</i>	chromosomal abnormality (loss of 1p and 19q)	diagnosis	CMA, FISH



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<b>Ependymoma</b>	<i>c11orf95-RELA, YAP1</i>	Fusions	diagnosis, prognosis	NGS (RNA or DNA)
	<i>1q gain</i>	chromosomal abnormality (gain of 1p)	prognosis	CMA, FISH
<b>Medulloblastoma, WNT-activated</b>	<i>CTNNB1</i>	mutation	Subtype- prognosis	NGS (DNA)
	<i>Monosomy 6</i>	chromosomal abnormality (loss)	Subtype-diagnosis	CMA, FISH
	<i>DDX3X</i>	mutation	diagnosis	NGS (DNA)
<b>Medulloblastoma, SHH-activated</b>	<i>PTCH1</i>	inactivating mutation, LOH	Subtype-diagnosis, familial cancer risk if germline	NGS (DNA), CMA
	<i>SUFU</i>	inactivating mutation, LOH	Subtype-diagnosis, familial cancer risk if germline	NGS (DNA), CMA
	<i>TP53</i>	Loss-of-function (LOF) and gain-of-function mutations, loss, LOH, structural alterations (rare)	prognosis	NGS (DNA), CMA
	<i>10q loss or LOH</i>	chromosomal abnormality (loss or LOH)	diagnosis	CMA, FISH
	<i>TERT promoter</i>	mutation	diagnosis	NGS (DNA)
	<i>MYCN</i>	amplification	diagnosis, prognosis	FISH, CMA, NGS (DNA)
<b>Medulloblastoma, Group 3</b>	<i>Isodicentric 17q</i>	chromosomal abnormality (loss of 17p and gain of 17q)	Subtype-diagnosis	CMA, FISH
	<i>MYC</i>	amplification	prognosis	CMA, FISH
<b>Medulloblastoma, Group 4</b>	<i>Isodicentric 17q</i>	chromosomal abnormality (loss of 17p and gain of 17q)	Subtype-diagnosis	CMA, FISH
	<i>MYCN</i>	amplification	diagnosis, prognosis	FISH, CMA, NGS
	<i>KDM6A</i>	inactivating mutation	diagnosis	NGS (DNA)
<b>Spindle Cell Sarcoma with rhabdomyosarcoma-like feature, DICER1 mutant</b>	<i>DICER1</i>	sequence variants, deletions	diagnosis, familial cancer risk if germline	NGS (DNA)
<b>Meningioma</b>	<i>NF2</i>	Loss-of-function (LOF) and gain-of-function mutations, loss, LOH	diagnosis, familial cancer risk if germline	NGS, CMA, MLPA
<b>Choroid plexus tumors</b>	<i>TP53</i>	Loss-of-function (LOF) and gain-of-function mutations, loss, LOH, structural alterations (rare)	diagnosis, familial cancer risk if germline	NGS, CMA, MLPA
<b>ETMR</b>	<i>C19MC</i>	amplification and gain	diagnosis, prognosis	CMA, FISH
<b>SEGA</b>	<i>TSC1/TSC2</i>	loss-of-function mutation, loss, LOH	diagnosis, familial cancer risk if germline	NGS (DNA)
<b>ATRT</b>	<i>SMARCB1 (INI1)</i>	loss or inactivating mutation, loss, LOH	diagnosis, familial cancer risk if germline	NGS, MLPA, IHC



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