

Template: Performance Characteristics from Mixing Studies to Detect Different Types of Variants

As referenced in [Jennings et al, 2017](#)

Cell line mixture*	Variant type	Allele burden	Known variants in the region [#]	Known variants detected (TP)	Known variants not detected (FN)	FP	PPA	PPV
	SNV	5%						
	SNV	10%						
	indel (<5 bp)	5%						
	indel (<5 bp)	10%						
	indel (5-40 bp)	5%						
	indel (5-40 bp)	10%						

Legend: This represents a sample method or template for documenting and describing the mixing studies that are performed in the Optimization & Familiarization phase. *For example, Coriell cell lines NA12878 and NA12877 could be used in a mixing study as per the example below. [#]These are defined as identified in regions meeting minimum QC requirements.

$$PPV = TP / (TP + FP) * 100$$

$$PPA = TP / (TP + FN) * 100$$

Abbreviations: SNV, single nucleotide variant; indel, insertion/deletion; QC, quality control; TP, true positive; FP, false positive; FN, false negative; PPA, positive percent agreement; PPV, positive predictive value.

Example template:

Cell line mixture *	Variant type	Allele burden	Known variants in the region#	Known variants detected (TP)#	Known variants not detected (FN)	FP	PPA	PPV
90% NA12878/ 10% NA12877	SNV	5%						
80% NA12878/ 20% NA12877	SNV	10%						
90% NA12878/ 10% NA12877	indel (<5 bp)	5%						
80% NA12878/ 20% NA12877	indel (<5 bp)	10%						
90% NA12878/ 10% NA12877	indel (5-20 bp)	5%						
80% NA12878/ 20% NA12877	indel (5-20 bp)	10%						